# This Document is Draft until approved by the appropriate Decision Making Body

June 12, 2008

# CEQA Initial Study - Environmental Checklist Form (Based on the State CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G Rev. 10/04)

1. Title; Project Number(s); Environmental Log Number:

Paseo Arbolado Major Subdivision (6 Condominium Units); Tentative Map; TM 5406RPL<sup>2</sup>; Log No. 04-08-042

2. Lead agency name and address:

County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use 5201 Ruffin Road, Suite B, San Diego, CA 92123-1666

- 3. a. Contact Mark Slovick, Project Manager
  - b. Phone number: (858) 495-5172
  - c. E-mail: Mark.Slovick@sdcounty.ca.gov.
- 4. Project location:

The project site is located west of Via De La Valle and northeast of Camino Selva in the Rancho Santa Fe neighborhood of the San Dieguito Community Plan, in the unincorporated portion of San Diego County. The APN for the project site is 266-291-19.

Thomas Brothers Coordinates: Page 1168, Grid E/3

5. Project Applicant name and address:

Los Arbolados Limited Partnership, LTD P.O. Box 444 Rancho Santa Fe, Ca 92067

6. General Plan Designation

Community Plan: San Dieguito

Land Use Designation: (6) Residential/(4) Residential

Density: 7.26 DU/acre/2.9 DU/acre

7. Zoning

Use Regulation: RU7/RS3

Minimum Lot Size: 7.26 DU/acre/2.9 DU/acre

Special Area Regulation: N/A

#### 8. Description of project:

The project proposes a Tentative Map to develop a 2.05 gross acre parcel with six detached condominium units. The density of the proposed development is consistent with the 7.26 unit per acre density, which would allow a maximum of 14 units by right. The six detached units are permitted by the "K" building type, which allows multi-dwellings on a single lot. The project will provide access via a 24 foot wide private driveway at the terminus of Camino Selva. Retaining walls will be provided along the driveway that range in height from two to five feet along Via de la Valle and three to eleven feet along the entrance from Camino Selva. A fire hydrant will be provided in the vicinity of unit two.

Each unit will be a maximum of two stories and will not exceed 35 feet in height. Every unit will provide an attached garage to accomodate two parking spaces. Two guest parking spaces will be provided between units one and two, and one ADA compliant parking space is provided in the vicinity of unit four. The project will impact 1.10 acres of disturbed Southern Maritime Chaparral/Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub that contains Nuttal's Scrub Oak, Decumbent Goldenbush and California Adolphia that will be mitigated offsite at a ratio of 3:1. As such, a draft Habitat Loss Permit accompanies this draft Mitigated Negative Declaration. Noise impacts associated with Via de la Valle will be mitigated with minor modifications to an existing slope/berm, adjacent to Via de La Valle. The slope/berm will range in height from 5 to 10 feet. To mitigate the noise impacts to the front yard patios at units one, three and four, the project proposes 6 foot high solid walls to enclose the areas.

Landscaping and fencing is proposed based on a conceptual landscape plan that includes Nuttal's Scrub Oak, Decumbent Goldenbush and California Adolphia. The landscaping will be used to screen the proposed retaining wall along Via de la Valle. Grading associated with the project will consist of 5,200 cubic yards of excavation, 2,600 cubic yards of fill and 2,600 cubic yards of export. Two ponds are proposed west of units one and three.

The project will also provide fair share contributions to the roundabouts at the Paseo Delicias/Via de la Valle intersection, El Montevideo/Paseo Delicias intersection and El Camino del Norte/Del Dios Highway intersection.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting (Briefly describe the project's surroundings):

The project site is surrounded by residential development. To the northwest is a multifamily development consisting of 11 units on a 2.82 acre parcel. To the

south is single family residential development on lots ranging in size from 0.5 acre to 1 acre in size. To the east of the project site, across Via de la Valle are single family residential use types on parcel sizes ranging from 1 to 2 acres in size.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

Permit Type/Action	<u>Agency</u>
Habitat Loss Permit	County of San Diego
Landscape Plans	County of San Diego
Tentative Map	County of San Diego
Expired Map	
Resolution Amendment	
Revised Map	
Time Extension	
County Right-of-Way Permits	County of San Diego
Construction Permit	
Excavation Permit	
Encroachment Permit	
Grading Permit	County of San Diego
Grading Permit Plan Change	
Improvement Plans	County of San Diego
National Pollutant Discharge Elimination	RWQCB
System (NPDES) Permit	
General Construction Storm water	RWQCB
Permit	
Water District Approval	Santa Fe Irrigation District
Sewer District Approval	Rancho Santa Fe Communities
	Services District
Fire District Approval	Rancho Santa Fe Fire Protection
	District

**ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:** The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project and involve at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" or a "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated," as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

☐ Aesthetics	☐ Agricultural Resources	☐ Air Quality
☑ Biological Resources	✓ Cultural Resources	☐ Geology & Soils
☐ <u>Hazards &amp; Haz. Materials</u>	☐ <u>Hydrology &amp; Water</u> Quality	□ Land Use & Planning
☐ Mineral Resources	✓ Noise	☐ Population & Housing
□ Public Services	□ Recreation	☑ Transportation/Traffic
☐ <u>Utilities &amp; Service</u> Systems	☑ Mandatory Findings of Sig	<u>nificance</u>

	ERMINATION: ne basis of this initial evaluation:			
	On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.			
V	On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department that although the proposed project could have environment, there will not be a significant of the project have been made by or agreed to MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will	e a significant effect on the fect in this case because revisions in by the project proponent. A		
	that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.			
		June 12, 2008		
Signa	ature	Date		
Mark	Slovick	Land Use/Environmental Planner		

Title

Printed Name

#### INSTRUCTIONS ON EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4. "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level.
- 5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
  - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
  - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
  - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7. The explanation of each issue should identify:
  - a) The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
  - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance

I. AESTHETICS Would the project: a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
Scenic natural as a scone pe scenic	is a view from a particular location or covistas often refer to views of natural land and developed areas, or even entirely oftenic vista of a rural town and surrounding rson may not be scenic to another, so the vista must consider the perceptions of a ms that can be seen within a vista are vistal visual resources or the addition of strains.	ds, bu of deve og agri e asse variet	t may also be compositions of eloped and unnatural areas, such cultural lands. What is scenic to essment of what constitutes a ty of viewer groups.
not adv	ual visual resources or the addition of str versely affect the vista. Determining the ing the changes to the vista as a whole a	level o	of impact to a scenic vista requires
<b>No Impact:</b> The project site is located south of Paseo Delicias, northwest of Via de la Valle, off of Camino Selva. Based on a site visit by County staff Bob Forsythe on December 1, 2004 the proposed project is not located near or within, or visible from, a scenic vista and will not substantially change the composition of an existing scenic vista in a way that would adversely alter the visual quality or character of the view. Therefore, the proposed project will not have an adverse effect on a scenic vista.			
b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
D:	aine/Euraleseations		

### Discussion/Explanation:

State scenic highways refer to those highways that are officially designated by the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) as scenic (Caltrans - California Scenic Highway Program). Generally, the area defined within a State scenic highway is the land adjacent to and visible from the vehicular right-of-way. The dimension of a scenic highway is usually identified using a motorist's line of vision, but a reasonable boundary is selected when the view extends to the distant horizon. The scenic highway corridor extends to the visual limits of the landscape abutting the scenic highway.

**No Impact:** Based on a site visit completed by Bob Forsythe on December 1, 2004 the proposed project is not located near or visible within the composite viewshed of a State scenic highway and will not damage or remove visual resources within a State scenic highway. The project site is surrounded by residential development. To the northwest is multi-family residential development, consisting of 11 units. Along Camino Selva, to the south of the site is single family residential development, consisting of lot sizes of approximately 0.5 acres. To the east is Via de la Valle, with single family residential develop directly across Via de la Valle on lot sizes of approximately two acres. Therefore, the proposed project will not have any substantial adverse effect on a scenic resource within a State scenic highway.

c)	Substantially degrade the existing visua surroundings?	I char	acter or quality of the site and its
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: Visual character is the objective composition of the visible landscape within a viewshed. Visual character is based on the organization of the pattern elements line, form, color, and texture. Visual character is commonly discussed in terms of dominance, scale, diversity and continuity. Visual quality is the viewer's perception of the visual environment and varies based on exposure, sensitivity and expectation of the viewers. The existing visual character and quality of the project site and surrounding can be characterized as residential and heavily vegetated with ornamental plants.

The proposed project is a residential develop that consists of six detached condominium units. The project is compatible with the existing visual environment's visual character and quality for the following reasons: it proposes a residential use in a residential area and zone.

The project will not result in cumulative impacts on visual character or quality because the entire existing viewshed and a list of past, present and future projects within that viewshed were evaluated. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Those projects listed in Section XVII are located within the viewshed surrounding the project and will not contribute to a cumulative impact for the following reasons: the project will not require significant alteration of the existing landform, the project does not propose development of steep slopes and will provide landscaping that consists of native vegetation, including Nuttal's Scrub Oak, Decumbent Goldenbush and California Adolphia. Therefore, the project will not result in any adverse project or cumulative level effect on visual character or quality on-site or in the surrounding area.

	Create a new source of substantial light day or nighttime views in the area?	or gla	re, which would adversely affect
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
The proby the SPaloma astrono (Section per fixtor The proviews because playing and mirestandar accepta issuance building projects complia source	chan Significant Impact: Deposed project will use outdoor lighting as San Diego County Light Pollution Code, ar Observatory. However, it will not adversal observations, because the project in 59.101-59.115), including the Zone Billiure and hours of operation limitations for Diect will not contribute to significant currence by the San Diego County Department of Public Works in cooperation with Inners from San Diego Gas and Electric, atories, and local community planning arminize the impact of new sources light perds in the Code are the result of this collar able level for new lighting. Compliance were of any building permit for any project. In company permits ensures that this project in company with the Code ensures that the project substantial light or glare, which would not the area, on a project or cumulative level.	appropriet	eximately 30 miles from the affect nighttime views or conform to the Light Pollution Code type and shielding requirements foor lighting and searchlights.  The impacts on day or nighttime collution Code. The Code was Planning and Land Use and fing engineers, astronomers, land mar and Mount Laguna consor groups to effectively address in on nighttime views. The tive effort and establish an are Code is required prior to datory compliance for all new ion with all past, present and future able impact. Therefore, ill not create a significant new
II. AGF	RICULTURAL RESOURCES Would the	ne pro	ject:
´ I	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmla Importance (Important Farmland), as sho the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring P Agency, or other agricultural resources,	own o rograi	n the maps prepared pursuant to mof the California Resources
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact
Ш	Incorporated	$\checkmark$	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project site does not contain any agricultural resources, lands designated as Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency. Therefore, no agricultural resources including Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance will be converted to a non-agricultural use.

b)	(	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultu	ral us	e, or a Williamson Act contract?
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	ш	Incorporated	V	No impact
Dis	scuss	sion/Explanation:		
is ı un	not co der a	pact: The project site is zoned RU7, Urbonsidered to be an agricultural zone. Act Williamson Act Contract. Therefore, the for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act	dditior e proj	nally, the project site's land is not ect does not conflict with existing
c)	r	nvolve other changes in the existing enverture, could result in conversion of Impresources, to non-agricultural use?		·
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: The surrounding area within radius of 1 mile has farmland of statewide and local importance. As a result, the proposed project was reviewed by staff and was determined not to have significant adverse impacts related to the conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance or active agricultural operations to a non-agricultural use for the following reasons: active agricultural operations in the surrounding area are already interspersed with single family residential uses and the proposed use would not significantly change the existing land uses in the area, resulting in a change that could convert agricultural operations to a non-agricultural use.

Discussion/Explanation:

Therefore, no potentially significant project or cumulative level conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance, or Farmland of Local Importance to a non-agricultural use will occur as a result of this project.

Where evallable the significance criteria established by the

<b>III. AIR QUALITY</b> where available, the significance criteria established by the			
applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:			
,	Conflict with or obstruct implementation Strategy (RAQS) or applicable portions		•
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes development that was anticipated in SANDAG growth projections used in development of the RAQS and SIP. Operation of the project will result in emissions of ozone precursors that were considered as a part of the RAQS based on growth projections. As such, the proposed project is not expected to conflict with either the RAQS or the SIP. In addition, the operational emissions from the project are below the screening levels, and subsequently will not violate ambient air quality standards.			
•	Violate any air quality standard or contri projected air quality violation?	bute s	substantially to an existing or
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

In general, air quality impacts from land use projects are the result of emissions from motor vehicles, and from short-term construction activities associated with such projects. The San Diego County Land Use Environment Group (LUEG) has established guidelines for determining significance which incorporate the Air Pollution Control District's (SDAPCD) established screening-level criteria for all new source review (NSR) in APCD Rule 20.2. These screening-level criteria can be used as numeric methods to demonstrate that a project's total emissions (e.g. stationary and fugitive emissions, as well as emissions from mobile sources) would not result in a significant impact to air quality. Since APCD does not have screening-level criteria for emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), the use of the screening level for reactive organic compounds (ROC) from the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) for the Coachella Valley (which are more appropriate for the San Diego Air Basin) are used.

#### **Less Than Significant Impact:**

The project proposes a residential development consisting of six detached condominium units. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal, temporary and localized, resulting in pollutant emissions below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance. In addition, the vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 48 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the screening-level criteria established by the guidelines for criteria pollutants. As such, the project will not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

C)	Result in a cumulatively considerable nowhich the project region is non-attainment ambient air quality standard (including requantitative thresholds for ozone precur	ent und eleasi	der an applicable federal or state ng emissions which exceed
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

#### Discussion/Explanation:

San Diego County is presently in non-attainment for the 1-hour concentrations under the California Ambient Air Quality Standard (CAAQS) for Ozone (O<sub>3</sub>). San Diego County is also presently in non-attainment for the annual geometric mean and for the 24-hour concentrations of Particulate Matter less than or equal to 10 microns (PM<sub>10</sub>) under the CAAQS. O<sub>3</sub> is formed when volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>) react in the presence of sunlight. VOC sources include any source that burns fuels (e.g., gasoline, natural gas, wood, oil); solvents; petroleum processing and storage; and pesticides. Sources of PM<sub>10</sub> in both urban and rural areas include: motor vehicles, wood burning stoves and fireplaces, dust from construction, landfills, agriculture, wildfires, brush/waste burning, and industrial sources of windblown dust from open lands.

Less Than Significant Impact: Air quality emissions associated with the project include emissions of PM<sub>10</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub> and VOCs from construction/grading activities, and also as the result of increase of traffic from project implementation. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal, localized and temporary resulting in PM<sub>10</sub> and VOC emissions below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance. The vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 48 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air

Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance.

In addition, a list of past, present and future projects within the surrounding area were evaluated and none of these projects emit significant amounts of criteria pollutants. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. The proposed project as well as the past, present and future projects within the surrounding area, have emissions below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance, therefore, the construction and operational emissions associated with the proposed project are not expected to create a cumulatively considerable impact nor a considerable net increase of PM10, or any  $O_3$  precursors.

d)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantia	al pollu	itant concentrations?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	sion/Explanation:			
Air quality regulators typically define sensitive receptors as schools (Preschool-12 <sup>th</sup> Grade), hospitals, resident care facilities, or day-care centers, or other facilities that may house individuals with health conditions that would be adversely impacted by changes in air quality. The County of San Diego also considers residences as sensitive receptors since they house children and the elderly				
sensitiva a quart is typic of air p	<b>No Impact:</b> Based a site visit conducted by Bob Forsythe on December 1, 2004, sensitive receptors and point sources of toxic emissions have not been identified within a quarter-mile (the radius determined by the SCAQMD in which the dilution of pollutants is typically significant) of the proposed project. Furthermore, no point-source emissions of air pollutants (other than vehicle emissions) are associated with the project. As such, the project will not expose sensitive populations to excessive levels of air pollutants.			
e)	Create objectionable odors affecting a s	ubstar	ntial number of people?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project could produce objectionable odors, which would result from volatile organic compounds, ammonia, carbon dioxide, hydrogen sulfide, methane, alcohols, aldehydes, amines, carbonyls, esters, disulfides dust and

endotoxins from the construction and operational phases. However, these substances, if present at all, would only be in trace amounts (less that  $1 \mu g/m^3$ ). Subsequently, no significant air quality – odor impacts are expected to affect surrounding receptors. Moreover, the affects of objectionable odors are localized to the immediate surrounding area and will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable odor.

#### IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES -- Would the project:

,	Have a substantial adverse effect, either on any species identified as a candidate ocal or regional plans, policies, or regulations and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife	e, sens	sitive, or special status species in
[		ations	, or by the California Department of
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

#### Discussion/Explanation:

Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated: Biological resources on the project site were evaluated during staff site visits as well as two biological resources reports prepared by Vincent N. Scheidt (2006) and Anita Hayworth (2002). The site primarily consists of a southern maritime chaparral / coastal sage scrub mix. This ecotonal mix covers 1.10 acres and is highly disturbed. The remainder of the site qualifies as urban/developed lands from adjacent roads and residential uses. Within the maritime/coastal sage scrub mix are three sensitive plant species: Nuttall's scrub oak (*Quercus dumosa*), Decumbent goldenbush (*Isocoma menziesii decumbens*), and California adolphia (*Adolphia californica*). No sensitive animal species have been identified on site; however, nesting birds have the potential to occur on or near the site.

All of the on-site biological resources will be considered impacted through implementation of the project. Mitigation shall occur at a 3:1 ratio with the purchase of southern maritime chaparral in a County-approved mitigation bank. This mitigation land shall also contain populations of Nuttall's scrub oak, Decumbent goldenbush, and California adolphia. In addition, the project proposes to avoid construction activities during the avian breeding season, February 15 through August 31, unless preconstruction surveys are completed to the satisfaction of the US Fish and Wildlife Service and the California Department of Fish and Game. With the inclusion of these mitigation measures, potential impacts will be reduced to a level below significance.

Moreover, potential cumulative impacts due to the loss of 1.10 acres southern maritime chaparral / coastal sage scrub would also be adequately mitigated by the off-site purchase of similar habitat in a mitigation bank. This is because the impact has been analyzed in accordance with the Southern California Coastal Sage Scrub Natural Communities Conservation Planning (NCCP) Process Guidelines and the County of San Diego's Habitat Loss Permit Ordinance 8365. The impacts from the project represent 0.03 percent of the County's take allowance for coastal sage scrub habitats. And more importantly, the proposed loss of coastal sage scrub will take place in an area

where the habitat is isolated and not near an NCCP focus area. The off-site purchase of southern maritime chaparral at a 3:1 ratio reduces the potential cumulative impacts to less than considerable.

D)	natural community identified in local or r the California Department of Fish and G	egion	al plans, policies, regulations or by
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
<u> </u>	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated: No riparian habitat types were identified on or near the project site. However, the project would have a significant effect on a natural community that has been identified as sensitive in plans, policies and regulations. Approximately 1.10 acres of southern maritime chaparral / coastal sage scrub habitat will be impacted by the proposed development. This vegetation community is regulated under the Southern California Coastal Sage Scrub NCCP Process Guidelines.

The habitat on site is considered to be of low value for conservation efforts. This determination is based on the findings that the habitat occurs in a small, isolated patch that has been heavily disturbed by existing land uses and is surrounded by dense residential development. The off-site purchase of more valuable habitat at a 3:1 ratio is required as mitigation for the minor loss of disturbed southern maritime chaparral / coastal sage scrub habitat that may result from the development. No other sensitive habitats will be compromised, either directly or indirectly, by the project.

The loss of 1.10 acres of southern maritime chaparral / coastal sage scrub habitat will be mitigated in accordance with the NCCP Guidelines and will not substantially affect conservation planning efforts in this region. The potential cumulative impacts due to this loss would also be adequately mitigated by the off-site purchase of similar habitat in a mitigation bank. This is because the impact has been analyzed in accordance with the Southern California Coastal Sage Scrub NCCP Process Guidelines and the County of San Diego's Habitat Loss Permit Ordinance 8365. The impacts from the project represent 0.03 percent of the County's take allowance for coastal sage scrub habitat types. The proposed loss of southern maritime chaparral / coastal sage scrub habitat will take place in an area where the habitat is isolated and not near an NCCP focus area. The proposed off-site mitigation will prevent project impacts to biological resources from becoming cumulatively considerable.

c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?

	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact				
Discus	Discussion/Explanation:						
Scheid waterw wetland	on staff site visits and biological resourd t (2006) and Anita Hayworth (2002), the ays, or riparian areas located on the pro ds occur within close proximity to the pro e project will not result in any impacts, or	re are ject si ject.	no jurisdictional wetlands, ite. In addition, no potential Therefore, it has been determined				
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?							
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact				
Dicour	nion/Evalenation:						

Discussion/Explanation:

Less than Significant Impact: The site is not part of a regional linkage/corridor as identified on County maps, nor is it in an area considered regionally important for wildlife dispersal. The site would not assist in local wildlife movement as it lacks connecting vegetation and visual continuity with other potential habitat areas in the general project vicinity. Based on a review of aerial photographs, the site is very isolated from other habitat areas and would not even serve as a stepping stone. Moreover, the County's MSCP Habitat Evaluation Model shows that the nearest high-value area is 0.25-mile north of the site. Dense development occurs between the high-value area and the project site. Therefore, the southern maritime chaparral / coastal sage scrub habitat on site has no connectivity to higher value districts or preserve lands. No sensitive wildlife species were identified on site during staff site visits or during biological surveys (Scheidt 2006; Hayworth 2002).

The project will impact native vegetation on site. However, this habitat has historically been disturbed and is subject to edge effects from nearby development. Based on all the evidence in the record, the site does not have potential to support the movement of native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species, native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, native wildlife nursery sites.

e) Conflict with the provisions of any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Communities Conservation Plan, other approved local, regional or state habitat

	conservation plan or any other local policesources?	cies o	r ordinances that protect biological
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
$\checkmark$	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
will be i under the Plannin Wildlife Finding with the at a 3:1 the find	imately 1.10 acres of southern maritime mpacted by the proposed development ne Southern California Coastal Sage Sc g (NCCP) Process Guidelines. As such Service and the California Department s. These wildlife agencies agreed that a condition that southern maritime chapa ratio. Thus, the project complies with Nings section draft Habitat Loss Permit (California Department (California Department section that southern maritime chapa ratio.	This rub No. County of Fish development of the No. County	vegetation community is regulated atural Communities Conservation nty staff met with the US Fish and h and Game to discuss the NCCP opment of the site is appropriate abitat credits be purchased off site Guidelines, as further discussed in y 2008).
informa	the attached Ordinance Compliance C tion on consistency with the County's H er local policies/ordinances that protect	abitat	Loss Permit Ordinance, the NCCP,
a) (	TURAL RESOURCES Would the pro Cause a substantial adverse change in t as defined in 15064.5?		nificance of a historical resource
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
archaed archaed	eact:  on an analysis of County of San Diego a  plogical records, maps, and aerial photo  plogist, Gail Wright on April 11, 2008, it  eated in Rancho Santa Fe, does not con	graph has b	s by County of San Diego staff een determined that the project

**Protective Covenant 1928**: The Rancho Santa Fe Covenant is a contact between property owners and the Rancho Santa Fe Association for the purpose of preserving, continuing and maintaining the character of the community and rare landscape features and upholding the quality of all future architecture and improvements. The Paseo Arbolado property is located within the Covenant area and as such is subject to the terms of the Covenant.

the project would not result in impacts to historical resources.

Historic Planned Community Of Rancho Santa Fe - California State Landmark #982: Rancho Santa Fe began as Rancho San Dieguito, a land grant of nearly 9,000 acres made to Juan María Osuna in 1845. The Santa Fe Railway Company later used the land to plant thousands of eucalyptus trees for use as railroad ties. In the 1920s Rancho Santa Fe became one of the state's first planned communities unified by a single architectural theme, the Spanish Colonial Revival. Lilian Rice, one of California's first successful women architects, supervised the development and designed many of the buildings. In 1982, the Historic Planned Community of Rancho Santa Fe was designated as California State Landmark # 982. In 2004 a Cultural Landscape Amendment was prepared by historian Vonn Marie May to expand the State Landmark area to include the Covenant area consisting of Osuna Valley, the Eucalyptus Forest, San Dieguito Reservoir, the Orchards of Rancho Santa Fe, the Civic Center, the Golf Course, Golf Course Estates and San Elijo Creek, Rancho Zorro and the San Dieguito River Park. Although located within the Rancho Santa Fe Covenant area, The Paseo Arbolado project contains no historic structures.

,	Cause a substantial adverse change in tresource pursuant to 15064.5?	the sig	gnificance of an archaeological	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	sion/Explanation:			
No Impact: Based on an analysis of County of San Diego archaeology resource files, archaeological records, maps, and aerial photographs by County of San Diego staff archaeologist, Gail Wright, on April 11, 2008, it has been determined that the project site does not contain any archaeological resources.				
Directly or indirectly destroy a unique geologic feature?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
ь.				

Discussion/Explanation:

San Diego County has a variety of geologic environments and geologic processes which generally occur in other parts of the state, country, and the world. However, some features stand out as being unique in one way or another within the boundaries of the County.

**No Impact:** The site does not contain any unique geologic features that have been listed in the County's Guidelines for Determining Significance for Unique Geology Resources nor does the site support any known geologic characteristics that have the potential to support unique geologic features.

d)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique pa	aleonto	ological resource or site?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated: A review of the County's Paleontological Resources Maps and data on San Diego County's geologic formations indicates that the project is located on geological formations that potentially contain unique paleontological resources. Excavating into undisturbed ground beneath the soil horizons may cause a significant impact if unique paleontological resources are encountered. Since an impact to paleontological resources does not typically occur until the resource is disturbed, monitoring during excavation is the essential measure to mitigate potentially significant impacts to unique paleontological resources to a level below significance.

The project is in an area having high potential for containing unique paleontological resources and will excavate 2,500 cubic yards or more of undisturbed material below the soil horizons. To mitigate for the potential project impacts to paleontological resources, the project will be conditioned to require implementation of a mitigation program by a Qualified Paleontologist. A Qualified Paleontologist is a person who has, to the satisfaction of the Director of Planning and Land Use:

- A Ph.D. or M.S. or equivalent in paleontology or closely related field (e.g., sedimentary or stratigraphic geology, evolutionary biology, etc.);
- Demonstrated knowledge of southern California paleontology and geology; and
- Documented experience in professional paleontological procedures and techniques.

The Qualified Paleontologist will conduct or supervise the following mitigation tasks:

- Monitoring of excavation operations to discover unearthed fossil remains, generally involving monitoring of ongoing excavation activities (e.g., sheet grading pads, cutting slopes and roadways, basement and foundation excavations, and trenching). A Paleontological Resources Monitor must have at least one year of experience in field identification and collection of fossil materials.
- Salvaging of unearthed fossil remains, typically involving simple excavation of the exposed specimens, but possibly also plaster-jacketing of individual large and/or

- fragile specimens, or more elaborate quarry excavation of richly fossilferous deposits.
- Recording of stratigraphic, geologic and geographic data to provide a context for the recovered fossil remains, including accurate plotting (mapping) on grading plans and standard topographic maps of all fossil localities, description of lithologies of fossil-bearing strata, measurement and description of the overall stratigraphic section (unless considered by the project paleontologist to be infeasible), and photographic documentation of the geologic setting.
- Laboratory preparation (cleaning and repair) of collected fossil remains to the point of identification (not exhibition), generally involving removal of enclosing sedimentary rock material, stabilization of fragile specimens (using glues and other hardeners), and repair of broken specimens.
- Curating of prepared fossil remains, typically involving scientific identification and cataloguing of specimens; and entry of data into one or more accredited institutional (museum or university) collection (specimen/species lot and/or locality) databases. Curation is necessary so that the specimens are available for scientific research.
- Transferal, for archival storage, of cataloged fossil remains and copies of relevant field notes, maps, stratigraphic sections and photographs to an accredited institution (museum or university) in California that maintains paleontological collections, preferably:
  - San Diego Natural History Museum
  - Los Angeles County Museum
  - San Bernardino Museum of Natural History
  - University of California Museum of Paleontology, Berkeley
  - Anza-Borrego Desert State Park (if the fossils were salvaged in the desert).
- Preparation of a final report summarizing the results of the field investigation, laboratory methods, stratigraphic information, types and importance of collected fossils, and any necessary graphics to document the stratigraphy and precise fossil collecting localities.

Therefore, with the implementation of the above project requirements during project grading operations, potential impacts to paleontological resources will be less than significant. Furthermore, the project will not result in a cumulative impact to paleontological resources because other projects that require grading in sensitive paleontological resource areas will be required to have the appropriate level of paleontological monitoring and resource recovery. In addition, other projects that propose any amount of significant grading would be subject to the requirements for paleontological monitoring as required pursuant to the County's Grading Ordinance. Therefore, the project would not result in a significant direct, indirect, or cumulatively significant loss of paleontological resources.

e) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?

PASEO	ARBOLADO - 20	-	June 12, 2008
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	ion/Explanation:		
records, Wright, remains	act: on an analysis of County of San Diego a maps, and aerial photographs by Cour on April 11, 2008, it has been determine because the project site does not include that might contain interred human rer	nty of Sa ed that t de a for	an Diego staff archaeologist, Gail he project will not disturb any human
a) E	OLOGY AND SOILS Would the pro Expose people or structures to potentialisk of loss, injury, or death involving:		tantial adverse effects, including the
i.	•	Zoning ubstan	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	ion/Explanation:		
Alquist- Fault-Re substant exposur	act: The project is not located in a fa Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, S upture Hazards Zones in California, or tial evidence of a known fault. Therefore of people or structures to adverse et a result of this project.	pecial I locate ore, the	Publication 42, Revised 1997, d within any other area with ere will be no impact from the
ii	. Strong seismic ground shaking?	)	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	ion/Explanation:		

**Less Than Significant Impact:** To ensure the structural integrity of all buildings and structures, the project must conform to the Seismic Requirements as outlined within the California Building Code. The County Code requires a soils compaction report with

proposed foundation recommendations to be approved before the issuance of a building permit. Therefore, compliance with the California Building Code and the County Code ensures the project will not result in a potentially significant impact from the exposure of people or structures to potential adverse effects from strong seismic ground shaking.

ii	ii.	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?			
	Less	entially Significant Impact Than Significant With Mitigation rporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discuss		xplanation:			
the Cou indicate failure fi located people	inty G s that rom s withir or stru	The project site is not within a "Pot Guidelines for Determining Significat the geologic environment of the preismic activity. In addition, the site a floodplain. Therefore, there will buctures to adverse effects from a keefaction.	nce for roject e is no l	or Geologic Hazards. This site is not susceptible to ground of underlain by poor artificial fill or	
i	٧.	Landslides?			
	Less	entially Significant Impact Than Significant With Mitigation rporated	□	Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discuss	sion/E	xplanation:			
in the C Suscep Multi-Ju areas fr series d USGS; develop (DMG). steeper located has a lo	county tibility urisdice om the lata (Seand Loed by Also than withing	SANDAG based on USGS 1970s s andslide Hazard Zone Maps (limiter) the California Department of Cons	icance andsl Diegong steries) ed to servatibility are sillity Aroject	e for Geologic Hazards. Landslide ide risk profiles included in the o, CA (URS, 2004). Landslide risk eep slopes (greater than 25%); soil; soil-slip susceptibility from western portion of the County) tion, Division of Mines and Geology Areas are gabbroic soils on slopes ide prone. Since the project is not rea and the geologic environment would have no impact from the	
b) F	Result	t in substantial soil erosion or the lo	oss of	topsoil?	
	Pote	ntially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	

PASEC	O ARBOLADO	- 22 -			June 12, 2008
	Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ation	$\checkmark$	No Impact	
Discus	sion/Explanation:				
identifice by the Agricul the propattern not developed 5,200 c County Section Due to	pact: According to the Soil Survey ed as AtD, Altamont Clay that has a Soil Survey for the San Diego Area ture, Soil Conservation and Forest ject will not result in unprotected ens; is not located in a floodplain, we velop steep slopes. The project will cubic yards. However, the project in Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zonins 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION these factors, it has been found the or the loss of topsoil.	a soil ( a, prep Service rodible tland, I resul s requeng and	erodito pared ce da e soils or sig tin si uired t d Lan VENT	bility rating of "slight" by the US Departmented December 1973. s; will not alter existing prificant drainage feate disturbance and group of comply with the Sad Use Regulations, ETON) and 87.417 (PL	as indicated nt of Moreover, g drainage iture; and will rading of in Diego Division 7, _ANTING).
į	Will the project produce unstable g impacts resulting from landslides, l collapse?	_			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ation		Less than Significan	nt Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:				
of 5,20 propos	<b>Than Significant Impact:</b> The proj 0 cubic yards. Please see responsed project is consistent with the ge information refer to VI Geology and	ses to ologic	items al for	a and b of this subsomations underlying th	ection. The ne site. For
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as de	efined	in Ta	ble 18-1-B of the Uni	form Building

Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?

□ Potentially Significant Impact
 □ Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated
 □ No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project is located on expansive soils as defined within Table 18-I-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994). This was confirmed by staff review of the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973. The soils on-

site are AdT, Altamont Clay. However the project will not have any significant impacts because the project is required to comply the improvement requirements identified in the 1997 Uniform Building Code, Division III – Design Standard for Design of Slab-On-Ground Foundations to Resist the Effects of Expansive Soils and Compressible Soils, which ensure suitable structure safety in areas with expansive soils. Therefore, these soils will not create substantial risks to life or property.

e)	Have soils incapable of adequately suppalternative wastewater disposal systems disposal of wastewater?			
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact	
Discu	ssion/Explanation:			
availa Comn projec syster	roject: roject will rely on public water and sewer bility letter dated February 8, 2008 has be nunity Services District indicating that the its wastewater disposal needs. No septions are proposed.  AZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIA	een re facilit tanks	eceived from the Rancho Santa Fe by has adequate capacity for the s or alternative wastewater disposal	
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, storage, use, or disposal of hazardous materials or wastes or through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact**: The project will not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment because it does not propose the storage, use, transport, emission, or disposal of Hazardous Substances, nor are Hazardous Substances proposed or currently in use in the immediate vicinity. In addition, the project does not propose to demolish any existing structures onsite and therefore would not create a hazard related to the release of asbestos, lead based paint or other hazardous materials from demolition activities.

D)	substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discu	ussion/Explanation:			
The p	mpact: project is not located within one-quarter mefore, the project will not have any effect o		<b>U</b> 1 1	
c)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5, or is otherwise known to have been subject to a release of hazardous substances and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: Based on a site visit and regulatory database search, the project site has not been subject to a release of hazardous substances. The project site is not included in any of the following lists or databases: the State of California Hazardous Waste and Substances sites list compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5., the San Diego County Hazardous Materials Establishment database, the San Diego County DEH Site Assessment and Mitigation (SAM) Case Listing, the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) Site Mitigation and Brownfields Reuse Program Database ("CalSites" Envirostor Database), the Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System (RCRIS) listing, the EPA's Superfund CERCLIS database or the EPA's National Priorities List (NPL). Additionally, the project does not propose structures for human occupancy or significant linear excavation within 1,000 feet of an open, abandoned, or closed landfill, is not located on or within 250 feet of the boundary of a parcel identified as containing burn ash (from the historic burning of trash), is not on or within 1,000 feet of a Formerly Used Defense Site (FUDS), does not contain a leaking Underground Storage Tank, and is not located on a site with the potential for contamination from historic uses such as intensive agriculture, industrial uses, a gas station or vehicle repair shop. Therefore, the project would not create a significant hazard to the public or environment.

d) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would

	the project result in a safety hazard for parea?	eople	residing or working in the project
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
Compa Aviatior airport. greater from an	pact: The proposed project is not locate tibility Plan (ALUCP), a Comprehensive a Administration Height Notification Surfaction, the project does not propose contain 150 feet in height, constituting a same airport or heliport. Therefore, the project esiding or working in the project area.	Land ace, o structi afety h	Use Plan (CLUP), within a Federal r within two miles of a public on of any structure equal to or nazard to aircraft and/or operations
,	For a project within the vicinity of a priva safety hazard for people residing or work		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
•	pact: The proposed project is not within the project will not constitute a safety has area.		• •
•	mpair implementation of or physically in esponse plan or emergency evacuation		
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		

i. OPERATIONAL AREA EMERGENCY PLAN AND MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN:

response plans or emergency evacuation plans.

The following sections summarize the project's consistency with applicable emergency

Less Than Significant Impact: The Operational Area Emergency Plan is a comprehensive emergency plan that defines responsibilities, establishes an emergency organization, defines lines of communications, and is designed to be part of the statewide Standardized Emergency Management System. The Operational Area Emergency Plan provides guidance for emergency planning and requires subsequent plans to be established by each jurisdiction that has responsibilities in a disaster situation. The Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan includes an overview of the risk assessment process, identifies hazards present in the jurisdiction, hazard profiles, and vulnerability assessments. The plan also identifies goals, objectives and actions for each jurisdiction in the County of San Diego, including all cities and the County unincorporated areas. The project will not interfere with this plan because it will not prohibit subsequent plans from being established or prevent the goals and objectives of existing plans from being carried out.

ii. SAN DIEGO COUNTY NUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

**No Impact:** The San Diego County Nuclear Power Station Emergency Response Plan will not be interfered with by the project due to the location of the project, plant and the specific requirements of the plan. The emergency plan for the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station includes an emergency planning zone within a 10-mile radius. All land area within 10 miles of the plant is not within the jurisdiction of the unincorporated County and as such a project in the unincorporated area is not expected to interfere with any response or evacuation.

iii. OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY ELEMENT

**No Impact:** The Oil Spill Contingency Element will not be interfered with because the project is not located along the coastal zone or coastline.

iv. EMERGENCY WATER CONTINGENCIES ANNEX AND ENERGY SHORTAGE RESPONSE PLAN

**No Impact:** The Emergency Water Contingencies Annex and Energy Shortage Response Plan will not be interfered with because the project does not propose altering major water or energy supply infrastructure, such as the California Aqueduct.

v. DAM EVACUATION PLAN

Potentially Significant Impact

**No Impact:** The Dam Evacuation Plan will not be interfered with because the project is not located within a dam inundation zone.

g)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?

Less than Significant Impact

PASEO ARBOLADO	- 27 -	June 12, 2008

 Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

#### **Less Than Significant Impact:**

The proposed project is adjacent to wildlands that have the potential to support wildland fires. However, the project will not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires because the project will comply with the regulations relating to emergency access, water supply, and defensible space specified in the Consolidated Fire Code for the 17 Fire Protection Districts in San Diego County and Appendix II-A, as adopted and amended by the local fire protection district. Implementation of these fire safety standards will occur during the Tentative Map, Tentative Parcel Map, or building permit process. Also, a Fire Service Availability Letter and conditions, dated April 28, 2008, have been received from the Rancho Santa Fe Fire Protection District. The conditions from the Rancho Santa Fe Fire Protection District include: all roadways serving the project site be improved to a minimum width of 24 feet except for the reduced width of 23 feet for the back flow provender is acceptable, access roads shall not exceed 20 percent, a fire hydrant shall be installed in south of unit two. The Fire Service Availability Letter indicates the expected emergency travel time to the project site to be less than five minutes. The Maximum Travel Time allowed pursuant to the County Public Facilities Element is five minutes. Therefore, based on the review of the project by County staff, through compliance with the Consolidated Fire Code and Appendix II-A and through compliance with the Rancho Santa Fe Fire Protection District's conditions, the project is not anticipated to expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving hazardous wildland fires. Moreover, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact, because all past, present and future projects in the surrounding area are required to comply with the Consolidated Fire Code and Appendix II-A.

h)	Propose a use, or place residents adjact foreseeable use that would substantially exposure to vectors, including mosquito transmitting significant public health dise	incre es, ra	ease current or future resident's ts or flies, which are capable of
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project involves the creation of two man made ponds that allow water to stand for a period of 72 hours (3 days) or more. Therefore, the project may expose people to significant risk of injury or death involving vectors. However, a Vector Management Plan will be required to be approved by the County Department of Environmental Health, Vector Surveillance Program that ensures people will not be exposed to substantial vectors prior to Final Map recordation. Therefore, the

project will not substantially increase current or future resident's exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats or flies or create a cumulatively considerable impact because all uses on-site or in the surrounding area will be addressed through a Vector Management Plan.

VIII. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY Would the project: a) Violate any waste discharge requirements?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:			

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project proposes a Tentative Map to develop six detached condominium units which requires a NPDES permit for discharges of stormwater activies associated with construction activities. The project applicant has provided a copy of a Stormwater Management Plan which demonstrates that the project will comply with all requirements of the Clean Water Act, EPA, WPO and the SDRWQCB. The project site proposes and will be required to implement the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs to reduce potential pollutants to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff: silt fences, street sweeping and vacuuming, storm drain inlet protection, stockpile management, solid waste management, stabilized construction entrance, vehicle and equipment maintenance, gravel bag berm, material delivery and storage, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, paving and grinding operations, vegetated swales, bio filters, clearwater filtration system, wet ponds and small detention basins. These measures will enable the project to meet waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP).

Finally, the project's conformance to the waste discharge requirements listed above ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable water quality impacts related to waste discharge because, through the permit, the project will conform to Countywide watershed standards in the JURMP and SUSMP, derived from State regulation to address human health and water quality concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact to water quality from waste discharges.

b)	Is the project tributary to an already imp Water Act Section 303(d) list? If so, co pollutant for which the water body is alr	uld the	e project result in an increase in any
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact

	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:	

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project lies in the 905.11 Rancho Santa Fe hydrologic subarea, within the San Dieguito hydrologic unit. According to the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list, July 2003, a portion of this watershed at the Pacific Ocean and San Dieguito River is impaired for coliform bacteria. Constituents of concern in the San Dieguito watershed include coliform bacteria, nutrients, sediment, lowered dissolve oxygen, and trace metals.

The project proposes the following activities that are associated with these pollutants: detached residential development and streets, highways and freeways. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed such that potential pollutants will be reduced in any runoff to the maximum extent practicable so as not to increase the level of these pollutants in receiving waters: silt fences, street sweeping and vacuuming, storm drain inlet protection, stockpile management, solid waste management, stabilized construction entrance, vehicle and equipment maintenance, gravel bag berm, material delivery and storage, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, paving and grinding operations, vegetated swales, bio filters, clearwater filtration system, wet ponds and small detention basins.

The proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result the project will not contribute to a cumulative impact to an already impaired water body, as listed on the Clean Water Act Section 303(d). Regional surface water and storm water permitting regulation for County of San Diego, Incorporated Cities of San Diego County, and San Diego Unified Port District includes the following: Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). The stated purposes of these ordinances are to protect the health, safety and general welfare of the County of San Diego residents; to protect water resources and to improve water quality; to cause the use of management practices by the County and its citizens that will reduce the adverse effects of polluted runoff discharges on waters of the state; to secure benefits from the use of storm water as a resource; and to ensure the County is compliant with applicable state and federal laws. Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) has discharge prohibitions, and requirements that vary depending on type of land use activity and location in the County. Ordinance No. 9426 is Appendix A of Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) and sets out in more detail, by project category, what Dischargers must do to comply with the Ordinance and to receive permits for projects and activities that are subject to the Ordinance. Collectively, these regulations establish standards for projects to follow which intend to improve water quality from headwaters to the deltas of each watershed in the County. Each project

subject to WPO is required to prepare a Storm water Management Plan that details a project's pollutant discharge contribution to a given watershed and propose BMPs or design measures to mitigate any impacts that may occur in the watershed.

C)	surface or groundwater receiving water beneficial uses?		
	Potentially Significant Impact	<b>V</b>	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The Regional Water Quality Control Board has designated water quality objectives for waters of the San Diego Region as outlined in Chapter 3 of the Water Quality Control Plan (Plan). The water quality objectives are necessary to protect the existing and potential beneficial uses of each hydrologic unit as described in Chapter 2 of the Plan.

The project lies in the 905.11 Rancho Santa Fe hydrologic subarea, within the San Dieguito hydrologic unit that has the following existing and potential beneficial uses for inland surface waters, coastal waters, reservoirs and lakes, and ground water: municipal and domestic supply; agricultural supply; industrial process supply, industrial service supply; contact water recreation; non-contact water recreation; warm freshwater habitat; cold freshwater habitat; wildlife habitat; estuarine habitat; marine habitat; preservation of biological habitats of special significance; migration of aquatic organisms; and, rare, threatened, or endangered species habitat.

The project proposes the following potential sources of polluted runoff: sediments, nutrients, trash and debris, oxygen demanding substances, oil and grease, bacteria and viruses, pesticides, heavy metals and organic compounds. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed to reduce potential pollutants in runoff to the maximum extent practicable, such that the proposed project will not cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses: silt fences, street sweeping and vacuuming, storm drain inlet protection, stockpile management, solid waste management, stabilized construction entrance, vehicle and equipment maintenance, gravel bag berm, material delivery and storage, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, paving and grinding operations, vegetated swales, bio filters, clearwater filtration system, wet ponds and small detention basins.

In addition, the proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water, storm water and groundwater planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exceedance of applicable surface or

groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses. Refer to Section VIII., Hydrology and Water Quality, Question b, for more information on regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process.

d)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
<b>No Impact:</b> The project will obtain its water supply from the Rancho Santa Fe Irrigation District that obtains water from surface reservoirs or other imported water source. The project will not use any groundwater for any purpose, including irrigation, domestic or commercial demands. In addition, the project does not involve operations that would interfere substantially with groundwater recharge including, but not limited to the following: the project does not involve regional diversion of water to another groundwater basin; or diversion or channelization of a stream course or waterway with impervious layers, such as concrete lining or culverts, for substantial distances (e.g. ¼ mile). These activities and operations can substantially affect rates of groundwater recharge. Therefore, no impact to groundwater resources is anticipated.				
e)	Substantially alter the existing drainage through the alteration of the course of a result in substantial erosion or siltation of the course of a result in substantial erosion or siltation of the course of a result in substantial erosion or siltation of the course of	strea	m or river, in a manner which would	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes to develop 1 subdivide 2.08 acres with 1 lot with 6 detached condominium residential units and on-site driveways. As outlined in the "Preliminary Grading / BMP Exhibit for County of San Diego Tract 5406RPL2", "Preliminary Drainage Study for County of San Diego Tract 5406RPL2" and the "Storm water Management Plan, for County of San Diego Tract 5406RPL2" prepared by San Dieguito Engineering, Inc., all as prepared by San Dieguito Engineering, Inc., date 8/10/07 and DPLU received 8/20/07 and with modification to these documents as received by electronic submittal 2-25-08, the project will implement site design and source control measures, and install and maintain treatment control

BMP's to reduce potential pollutants, including sediment from erosion or siltation, to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff: site design- minimize impervious areas, and setback of residential sites to use on-site vegetated swales; source control-including homeowner education; and treatment control: on-site grass swales, the use of catch basin insert and screens at an on-site catch basin and use of an on-site detention basin. These measures will control erosion and sedimentation and satisfy waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP). The SWMP specifies and describes the implementation process of all BMP's that will address equipment operation and materials management, prevent the erosion process from occurring, and prevent sedimentation in any onsite and downstream drainage swales. The Department of Public Works will ensure that the Plan is implemented as proposed. Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in significantly increased erosion or sedimentation potential and will not alter any drainage patterns of the site or area onor off-site. In addition, because erosion and sedimentation will be controlled within the boundaries of the project, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. For further information on soil erosion refer to VI., Geology and Soils, Question b.

Substantially alter the existing drainage through the alteration of the course of a the rate or amount of surface runoff in a on- or off-site?	strea	m or river, or substantially increase
Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: As outlined in the "Preliminary Grading / BMP Exhibit for County of San Diego Tract 5406RPL2", "Preliminary Drainage Study for County of San Diego Tract 5406RPL2" and the "Storm water Management Plan, for County of San Diego Tract 5406RPL2" all as prepared by San Dieguito Engineering, Inc., dated 8/10/07 and DPLU received 8/20/07 and with modification to these documents as received by electronic submittal 2-25-08, the project will implement site design and source control measures, and install and maintain treatment control BMP's to reduce potential pollutants, including sediment from erosion or siltation, to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff: site design- minimize impervious areas, and setback of residential sites to use on-site vegetated swales; source control-including homeowner education; and treatment control: on-site grass swales, the use of catch basin insert and screens at an on-site catch basin and use of an on-site detention basin, the project will not significantly alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area off-site (including through alteration of the course of a stream or river), in a manner

that would result in flooding on- or off-site. The Department of Public Works DPW has accepted these reports and ensures the measures are included during final engineering.

Moreover, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable alteration or a drainage pattern or increase in the rate or amount of runoff, because the project will not substantially increase water surface elevation or runoff exiting the site, as detailed above.

g)	Create or contribute runoff water which value planned storm water drainage systems?		exceed the capacity of existing or
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
	Than Significant Impact: The project downater that would exceed the capacity of one.		• •
h)	Provide substantial additional sources of	f pollu	ted runoff?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
pollute However treatment in rund vacuum manag gravel conser clearw	Than Significant Impact: The project pred runoff: detached residential development, the following site design measures at tent control BMPs will be employed such off to the maximum extent practicable: silinging, storm drain inlet protection, stocked gement, stabilized construction entrance, bag berm, material delivery and storage revation practices, paving and grinding operater filtration system, wet ponds and smallogy and Water Quality Questions a, b, c,	ent and nd/or sthat p t fence ile ma vehic , conc eration all dete	d streets, highways and freeways. source control BMPs and/or otential pollutants will be reduced es, street sweeping and nagement, solid waste le and equipment maintenance, rete waste management, water ns, vegetated swales, bio filters, ention basins. Refer to VIII
i)	Place housing within a 100-year flood had Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Ramap, including County Floodplain Maps	ate Ma	• •
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact

	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
with a v	pact: No FEMA mapped floodplains, Covatershed greater than 20 acres were ideally will occur.	-	• • •
	Place within a 100-year flood hazard are redirect flood flows?	ea stru	uctures which would impede or
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
•	<b>pact:</b> No 100-year flood hazard areas wre, no impact will occur.	ere id	lentified on the project site;
•	Expose people or structures to a signific flooding?	ant ris	sk of loss, injury or death involving
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	□	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
includin County that cou	pact: The project site lies outside any iding a mapped dam inundation area for a . In addition, the project is not located in uld potentially flood the property. Thereficant risk of loss, injury or death involving	major nmedi ore, th	dam/reservoir within San Diego ately downstream of a minor dam ne project will not expose people to
	Expose people or structures to a signific flooding as a result of the failure of a lev		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\checkmark$	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

dam/re immed There	<b>pact:</b> The project site lies outside a mapped dam inundation area for a major eservoir within San Diego County. In addition, the project is not located diately downstream of a minor dam that could potentially flood the property. fore, the project will not expose people to a significant risk of loss, injury or deathing flooding.
m)	Inundation by seiche tsunami or mudflow?

m) Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?

☐ Potentially Significant Impact
☐ Less Than Significant With Mitigation
☐ Incorporated

☐ No Impact
☐ Discussion/Explanation:

i. SEICHE

**No Impact:** The project site is not located along the shoreline of a lake or reservoir; therefore, could not be inundated by a seiche.

ii. TSUNAMI

**Less Than Significant:** The project site is located within a mile of the coast; however, the elevation differential between the proposed development and sea level exceeds 200 feet. Therefore, the project will not potentially expose people or structures to inundation due to tsunami.

iii. MUDFLOW

**No Impact:** Mudflow is type of landslide. The site is not located within a landslide susceptibility zone. Also, staff has determined that the geologic environment of the project area has a low probability to be located within an area of potential or pre-existing conditions that could become unstable in the event of seismic activity. In addition, though the project does propose land disturbance that will expose unprotected soils, the project is not located downstream from unprotected, exposed soils within a landslide susceptibility zone. Therefore, it is not anticipated that the project will expose people or property to inundation due to a mudflow.

## **IX. LAND USE AND PLANNING** -- Would the project:

a) Physically divide an established community?

Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project does not propose the introduction of new infrastructure such major roadways or water supply systems, or utilities to the area. Therefore, the proposed project will not significantly disrupt or divide the established community.

b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:			
Less Than Significant Impact:  The proposed project is subject to the Regional Land Use Element Policy 1.1 Current Urban Development Area (CUDA) and General Plan Land Use Designation (6) Residential. The General Plan requires minimum gross parcel sizes of 6,000 square feet and not more than 7.3 dwelling units per acre. The proposed project has gross parcel sizes and density that are consistent with the General Plan. The project proposes six detached units on a 1.94 acre net lot. Based on the net lot size, the project site could support a total of 14 units. The project is subject to the policies of the San Dieguito Community Plan. The proposed project is consistent with the policies of the San Dieguito Community Plan. The project will underground all new power distribution and communication lines, provide adequate off-street parking in compliance with the County of San Diego Zoning Ordinance and Offstreet Parking Design Manual, is within an area where sewer, water and roads and other services are existing and available. The current zone is RU7, Urban Residential Use Regulations, which requires a net minimum lot size of 6,000 square feet. The proposed project is consistent with the Zoning Ordinance requirements for minimum lot size.			
<ul> <li>X. MINERAL RESOURCES Would the project:</li> <li>a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?</li> </ul>			

Discussion/Explanation:

#### **Less Than Significant Impact:**

Incorporated

☐ Potentially Significant Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation

The project site has been classified by the California Department of Conservation – Division of Mines and Geology (Update of Mineral Land Classification: Aggregate

 $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$ 

No Impact

Less than Significant Impact

Materials in the Western San Diego Production-Consumption Region, 1997) as an area of "Potential Mineral Resource Significance" (MRZ-3).

However, the project site is surrounded by densely developed land uses including residential use types which are incompatible to future extraction of mineral resources on the project site. A future mining operation at the project site would likely create a significant impact to neighboring properties for issues such as noise, air quality, traffic, and possibly other impacts. Therefore, implementation of the project will not result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value since the mineral resource has already been lost due to incompatible land uses.

,	Result in the loss of availability of a loca site delineated on a local general plan, s		•
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
is not d Sensiti	<b>pact:</b> The project site is zoned RU7, Urb considered to be an Extractive Use Zone ve Land Use Designation (24) with an Ex Use Element, 2000).	(S-82	2) nor does it have an Impact
a)	<b>DISE</b> Would the project result in: Exposure of persons to or generation of established in the local general plan or r of other agencies?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		

Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated: The project consists of six detached condominium homes with private patios, balconies and outdoor common areas and will be occupied by residential use. Based on a site visit completed by Bob Forsythe on December 1, 2004 and as described in the Noise Analysis prepared by Dudek received on August 20, 2007 with an updated Figure 4 illustration received on October 17, 2007, the surrounding area supports RU7. Incorporation of an existing slope/berm, implementation of the six (6') foot high noise barrier and the dedication of a noise protection easement will ensure that the project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San

Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable standards for the following reasons:

#### General Plan – Noise Element

The County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element, Policy 4b addresses noise sensitive areas and requires an acoustical study to be prepared for any use that may expose noise sensitive area to noise in excess of a Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) of 60 decibels (dBA). Moreover, if the project is excess of CNEL 60 dB(A), modifications must be made to project to reduce noise levels. Noise sensitive areas include residences, hospitals, schools, libraries or similar facilities where guiet is an important attribute. Based on a Noise Analysis prepared by Dudek received on August 20, 2007 with an updated Figure 4 illustration received on October 17, 2007, proposed back yard and common area will have noise levels as high as 58 dBA CNEL which complies with the County's Noise Element 60 dBA CNEL requirement. A five (5') to ten (10') foot high existing slope/berm relative to the elevation of Via de la Valle, will be maintained along the edge of the property adjacent to Via de la Valle. The proposed grading portion of the slope/berm is considered a project design feature. Proposed patios are located on Unit 3, Unit 4 and front yards of Unit 1 require six (6') foot high noise barriers. With the incorporation of the six (6') foot high noise barriers and earthen berm barrier, future traffic noise levels at these private outdoor areas will be less than 60 dBA CNEL and are considered less than significant. Second floor levels will experience the noise levels that will exceed 60 dBA CNEL which may result in rooms exposed to an interior CNEL greater that 45 dB. Staff recommends a noise projection easement to the entire project site to ensure County Noise Element compliance. Therefore, with the incorporation of the existing slope/berm, implementation of the six (6') foot high noise barrier and the dedication of a noise protection easement will ensure that the proposed project will comply with the County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element, 4b.

#### Noise Ordinance – Section 36-404

Based on a Noise Analysis prepared by Dudek received on August 20, 2007 with an updated Figure 4 illustration received on October 17, 2007, non-transportation noise generated by the project is not expected to exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404) at or beyond the project's property line. The site is zoned RU7 that has a one-hour daytime average sound limit of 45 dBA. The adjacent properties are also zoned residential. Based on the Noise Analysis, the project's noise levels will not exceed County Noise Standards.

#### Noise Ordinance – Section 36-410

Based on a Noise Analysis prepared by Dudek received on August 20, 2007 with an updated Figure 4 illustration received on October 17, 2007, the project will not generate construction noise that may exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-410). Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36-410. Also, It is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of an average sound level of 75dB between the hours of 7 AM and 7 PM.

Finally, the project's conformance to the County of San Diego General Plan (Noise Element, Policy 4b) and County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404 and 36.410) ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable noise impacts, because the project will not exceed the local noise standards for noise sensitive areas; and the project will not exceed the applicable noise level limits at the property line or construction noise limits, derived from State regulation to address human health and quality of life concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exposure of persons or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, and applicable standards of other agencies.

b)	Exposure of persons to or generation of groundborne noise levels?	exce	ssive groundborne vibration or
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

# **Less Than Significant Impact:**

The project proposes residences where low ambient vibration is essential for interior operation and/or sleeping conditions. However, the facilities are typically setback more than 50 feet from any County Circulation Element (CE) roadway using rubber-tired vehicles with projected groundborne noise or vibration contours of 38 VdB or less; any property line for parcels zoned industrial or extractive use; or any permitted extractive uses. A setback of 50 feet from the roadway centerline for heavy-duty truck activities would insure that these proposed uses or operations do not have any chance of being impacted significantly by groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels (Harris, Miller Miller and Hanson Inc., *Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment* 1995, Rudy Hendriks, *Transportation Related Earthborne Vibrations* 2002). This setback insures that this project site will not be affected by any future projects that may support sources of groundborne vibration or groundborne noise related to the adjacent roadways.

Also, the project does not propose any major, new or expanded infrastructure such as mass transit, highways or major roadways or intensive extractive industry that could generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels and impact vibration sensitive uses in the surrounding area.

Therefore, the project will not expose persons to or generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels on a project or cumulative level.

c) A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?

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	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discus	sion/Explanation:				
Less Than Significant Impact: The project involves the following permanent noise sources that may increase the ambient noise level: Vehicle traffic from nearby roadways including Via de la Valle. As ndicated in the response listed under Section XI Noise, Question a., the project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas in the vicinity to a substantial permanent increase in noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable local, State, and Federal noise control. Also, the project is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels passed on a Noise Analysis prepared by Dudek received on August 20, 2007 with an updated Figure 4 illustration received on October 17, 2007. Studies completed by the Organization of Industry Standards (ISO 362; ISO 1996 1-3; ISO 3095; and ISO 3740-3747) state an increase of 10 dB is perceived as twice as loud and is perceived as a significant increase in the ambient noise level.					
The project will not result in cumulatively noise impacts because a list of past, present and future projects within in the vicinity were evaluated. It was determined that the project in combination with a list of past, present and future project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.					
d) A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
<b>-</b>	olonia (E. Johanna) (h. J				

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project does not involve any uses that may create substantial temporary or periodic increases in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity including but not limited to extractive industry; outdoor commercial or industrial uses that involve crushing, cutting, drilling, grinding, or blasting of raw materials; truck depots, transfer stations or delivery areas; or outdoor sound systems.

Also, general construction noise is not expected to exceed the construction noise limits of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-410), which are derived from State regulations to address human health and quality of life concerns. Construction

operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36-410. Also, it is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of 75 dB for more than an 8 hours during a 24-hour period. Therefore, the project would not result in a substantial temporary or periodic increase in existing ambient noise levels in the project vicinity.

e)	For a project located within an airport la not been adopted, within two miles of a the project expose people residing or we noise levels?	public	airport or public use airport, would		
	_ , , , , ,		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact		
Discu	ission/Explanation:				
<b>No Impact:</b> The proposed project is not located within a Comprehensive Land Use Plan (CLUP) for airports or within 2 miles of a public airport or public use airport. Therefore, the project will not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive airport-related noise levels.					
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private people residing or working in the project				
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact		
Discu	ssion/Explanation:				
<b>No Impact:</b> The proposed project is not located within a one-mile vicinity of a private airstrip; therefore, the project will not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive airport-related noise levels.					
XII. POPULATION AND HOUSING Would the project:					
a)	Induce substantial population growth in proposing new homes and businesses) extension of roads or other infrastructure	or ind	-		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact		

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The proposed project will not induce substantial population growth in an area because the project does not propose any physical or regulatory change that would remove a restriction to or encourage population growth in an area including, but limited to the following: new or extended infrastructure or public facilities; new commercial or industrial facilities; large-scale residential development; accelerated conversion of homes to commercial or multi-family use; or regulatory changes including General Plan amendments, specific plan amendments, zone reclassifications, sewer or water annexations; or LAFCO annexation actions.

D)	of replacement housin		nous	ing, necessitating the construction	
	Potentially Significan Less Than Significan Incorporated	•		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Disc	ussion/Explanation:				
The	<b>No Impact:</b> The proposed project will not displace any existing housing since the site is currently vacant.				
c)	Displace substantial ne replacement housing e		neces	ssitating the construction of	
	Potentially Significan Less Than Significar Incorporated	•		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discı	ussion/Explanation:				

**No Impact:** The proposed project will not displace a substantial number of people since the site is currently vacant.

## XIII. PUBLIC SERVICES

- a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:
  - i. Fire protection?
  - ii. Police protection?
  - iii. Schools?
  - iv. Parks?

٧	Other public facilities?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
Discuss	sion/Explanation:					
propose Service availabl District, Santa F The pro facilities parks in perform will not	<b>No Impact:</b> Based on the service availability forms received for the project, the proposed project will not result in the need for significantly altered services or facilities. Service availability forms have been provided which indicate existing services are available to the project from the following agencies/districts: San Dieguito High School District, Rancho Santa Fe Elementary, Rancho Santa Fe Irrigation District, Rancho Santa Fe Community Services District and Rancho Santa Fe Fire Protection District. The project does not involve the construction of new or physically altered governmental facilities including but not limited to fire protection facilities, sheriff facilities, schools, or parks in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios or objectives for any public services. Therefore, the project will not have an adverse physical effect on the environment because the project does not require new or significantly altered services or facilities to be constructed.					
a) V	ECREATION  Would the project increase the use of export other recreational facilities such that sacility would occur or be accelerated?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project involves a residential subdivision that will increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities. To avoid substantial physical deterioration of local recreation facilities the project will be required to pay fees or dedicate land for local parks to the County pursuant to the Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO). The Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO) is the mechanism that enables the funding or dedication of local parkland in the County. The PLDO establishes several methods by which developers may satisfy their park requirements. Options include the payment of park fees, the dedication of a public park, the provision of private recreational facilities, or a combination of these methods. PLDO funds must be used for the acquisition, planning, and development of local parkland and recreation facilities. Local parks are intended to serve the recreational needs of the communities in which they are located. The proposed project opted to pay park fees. Therefore, the project meets the requirements set forth by the PLDO for adequate parkland dedication and thereby reducing impacts,

including cumulative impacts to local recreational facilities. The project will not result in significant cumulative impacts, because all past, present and future residential projects are required to comply with the requirements of PLDO. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

With regard to regional recreational facilities, there are over 21,765 acres of regional parkland owned by the County, which exceeds the General Plan standard of 15 acres per 1,000 population. In addition, there are over one million acres of publicly owned land in San Diego County dedicated to parks or open space including Federal lands, State Parks, special districts, and regional river parks. Due to the extensive acreage of existing publicly owned lands that can be used for recreation, the project will not result in substantial physical deterioration of regional recreational facilities or accelerate the deterioration of regional parkland. Moreover, the project will not result in a cumulatively considerable deterioration or accelerated deterioration of regional recreation facilities because even with all past, present and future residential projects a significant amount of regional recreational facilities will be available to County residents.

Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or

h)

	expansion of recreational facilities, which on the environment?	h migh	nt have an adverse physical effect		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discus	sion/Explanation:				
<b>No Impact</b> : The project does not include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities. Therefore, the construction or expansion of recreational facilities cannot have an adverse physical effect on the environment. <b>XV. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC</b> Would the project:  a) Cause an increase in traffic which is substantial in relation to the existing traffic					
load and capacity of the street system (i.e., result in a substantial increase in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume to capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections)?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discuss	sion/Explanation:				

**Less Than Significant:** This project proposes 1 lot with 6 detached condominium residential units. Using the SANDAG Trip Generation Rate of 10 trips per unit TM 5406

would generate 60 ADT, including 5 AM peak hour and 6 PM peak hour trips. These trips will access from Camino Selva, a private road, onto Via De Santa Fe, La Granada, Via De La Valle and other public roads. A Traffic Impact Study (TIS) prepared by Katz, Okitsu, & Associates dated July 2007 (DPLU received 8-20-07) was reviewed by DPW and found to be acceptable for CEQA review purposes. This TIS analyzed and delineated the trip distribution and effect on Roadway segments and intersections and concluded that there were no direct impacts from the project and that under existing plus project conditions plus cumulative projects conditions all study segments operate at a Level of C or better; and that all study intersections operate at a LOS D or better with the exception of the intersection of Via De Santa Fe / Via De La Valle which will be mitigated by the project's Transportation Impact Fee, TIF payment. Therefore, the project will not have a significant direct project impact on traffic volume, which is considered substantial in relation to existing traffic load and capacity of the street system. Also refer to the answer for XV. b. below.

0)	Exceed, either individually or cumulative established by the County congestion m by the County of San Diego Transportat roads or highways?	nanage	ement agency and/or as identified
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated: This project proposes 1 lot with 6 detached condominium residential units. Using the SANDAG Trip Generation Rate of 10 trips per unit TM 5406 would generate 60 ADT, including 5 AM peak hour and 6 PM peak hour trips and due to projected trip distribution, the maximum project ADT to any roadway segment is estimated to be less than 100 ADT (the County's traffic threshold) on a road operating at LOS F and 200 ADT (the County's traffic threshold) on a road operating at LOS E. Therefore, there would be no direct impacts to a road segment. Using the projects estimated AM and PM peak hour trips the project after reasonable assumption of distribution would contribute a maximum to any intersection is less than 5 peak hour trips on a critical movement, which is less than the County's traffic thresholds of 5 peak hour trips on a critical movement for LOS F there would be no direct impacts to a signalized or unsignalized intersection. Therefore, the project will not have a significant direct project-level impact on the LOS standards established by the County congestion management agency for designated roads or highways.

The County of San Diego has developed an overall programmatic solution that addresses existing and projected future road deficiencies in the unincorporated portion of San Diego County. This program commits the County to construct additional capacity on identified Circulation Element roadways and includes the adoption of a Transportation Impact Fee (TIF) program to fund improvements to roadways necessary to mitigate potential cumulative impacts caused by traffic from future development. This

program is based on a summary of projections method contained in the County of San Diego Transportation Impact Fee Report dated January 2005, and amended in February 2008. This document is considered an adopted planning document which meets the definition referenced in the State CEQA Guidelines Section 15130 (b)(1)(B), which evaluates regional or area wide conditions contributing to cumulative transportation impacts. Based on SANDAG regional growth and land use forecasts, the SANDAG Regional Transportation Model was utilized to analyze projected build-out (year 2030) development conditions on the existing circulation element roadway network throughout the unincorporated area of the County. Based on the results of the traffic modeling, public and private funding necessary to construct transportation facilities that will mitigate cumulative impacts from new development was identified. Existing roadway deficiencies will be corrected through improvement projects funded by public funding sources, such as TransNet, gas tax, and grants. Potential cumulative impacts to the region's freeways have been addressed in SANDAG's Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). This plan, which considers freeway buildout over the next 30 years, will use funds from TransNet, state, and federal funding to improve freeways to projected level of service objectives in the RTP.

c) Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?						
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact			
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	No Impact			
Discus	sion/Explanation:					
<b>No Impact:</b> The proposed project is located outside of an Airport Influence Area and is not located within two miles of a public or public use airport; therefore, the project will not result in a change in air traffic patterns.						
,	ostantially increase hazards due to a des gerous intersections) or incompatible us	_	` • •			
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact			
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	No Impact			
Discus	sion/Explanation:					
<b>No Impact:</b> The proposed project will not alter traffic patterns, roadway design, or place incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment) on existing roadways.						
e)	Result in inadequate emergency access	s?				
	☐ Potentially Significant Impact ☐ Less than Significant Impact					

PASEO	ARBOLADO	- 47 -		June 12, 2008
	Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	tion	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
Discuss	ion/Explanation:			
served b	act: posed project will not result in inadect by a dead-end road that exceeds the dated Fire Code for the 17 Fire Protect ect has adequate emergency access	maxi ection	mum	cumulative length permitted by the
f) F	Result in inadequate parking capac	ity?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	tion		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			
Less Than Significant Impact: The Zoning Ordinance Section 6766 Parking Schedule requires provision for on-site parking spaces. The Zoning Ordinanace requires two offstreet parking spaces per unit. Each unit proposes a two car garage. One guest parking space is required for every five units, therfore, two guest parking spaces are provided. Pursuant to the Offstreet Parking Design Manual, one ADA compliance space shall also be provided. The project is consistent with the Ordinance for total parking requirements; therefore, the proposed project will not result in insufficient parking capacity.				
•	Conflict with adopted policies, plans ransportation (e.g., bus turnouts, b	•	•	•
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga	tion		Less than Significant Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

Less Than Significant: The project does not propose any hazards or barriers for pedestrians or bicyclists. Any required improvements will be constructed to maintain existing conditions as it relates to pedestrians and bicyclists. The project does not conflict with any adopted alternative transportation policies.

No Impact

# XVI. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS -- Would the project:

Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water **Quality Control Board?** 

Less than Significant Impact

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact:** 

Incorporated

□ Potentially Significant Impact

☐ Less Than Significant With Mitigation

The project involves new and expanded storm water drainage facilities. The new and expanded facilities include catch basins, detention basins, bio filters, vegetated swales, ponds, 24" and 30" reinforced concrete pipes, Clearwater BMP Curb inlet, pvc pipes and rip-rap energy dissapators. Refer to the Storm water Management Plan dated January 17, 2008 for more information. However, as outlined in this Environmental Analysis Form Section I-XVII, the new and expanded facilities will not result in adverse physical effect on the environment.

d)	Have sufficient water supplies available entitlements and resources, or are new		. ,
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
The provide the received	Than Significant Impact: roject requires water service from the Rai e Availability Letter from the Rancho Sar led, indicating adequate water resources quested water resources. Therefore, the ble to serve the project.	nta Fe and e	Irrigation District has been ntitlements are available to serve
e)	Result in a determination by the wastew may serve the project that it has adequa projected demand in addition to the prov	te cap	pacity to serve the project's
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
Ranch Ranch waste	Than Significant Impact: The project reno Santa Fe Community Services District no Santa Fe Community Services District water service capacity is available to servet will not interfere with any wastewater tree	A Se has be	ervice Availability Letter from the een provided, indicating adequate requested demand. Therefore, the
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient per project's solid waste disposal needs?	mitted	I capacity to accommodate the
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

# Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: Implementation of the project will generate solid waste. All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate. In San Diego County, the County Department of Environmental Health, Local Enforcement Agency issues solid waste facility permits with concurrence from the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) under the authority of the Public Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018) and California Code of Regulations Title 27, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440et seq.). There are five, permitted active landfills in San Diego County with remaining capacity. Therefore, there is sufficient existing permitted solid waste capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs.

	icient existing permitted solid waste capa disposal needs.	city to	accommodate the project's solid				
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local stawaste?	tutes	and regulations related to solid				
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact				
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact				
Discussion/Explanation:							
Less than Significant Impact: Implementation of the project will generate solid waste All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate In San Diego County, the County Department of Environmental Health, Local Enforcement Agency issues solid waste facility permits with concurrence from the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) under the authority of the Public Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018) and California Code of Regulations Title 27, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440et seq.). The project will deposit all solid waste at a permitted solid waste facility and therefore, will comply with Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste.							
	MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICA						
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?						
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact				
$\checkmark$	Less Than Significant With Mitigation		No Impact				

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory were considered in the response to each question in sections IV and V of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for significant cumulative effects. Resources that have been evaluated as significant would be potentially impacted by the project, particularly Biology and Paleontology. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes offsite purchase of habitat, consisting of 3.30 acres of southern maritime chaparral that includes populations of Nuttall's scrub oak, Decumbent goldenbush, and California adolphia and grading monitoring for Paleontological resources. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, significant effects associated with this project would result. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

•	Does the project have impacts that are i considerable? ("Cumulatively considera a project are considerable when viewed projects, the effects of other current projects)?	leans that the incremental effects of nection with the effects of past	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

The following list of past, present and future projects were considered and evaluated as a part of this Initial Study:

PROJECT NAME	PERMIT/MAP NUMBER		
Rancho Santa Fe Seniors Inc	P02-013		
Village Comm Presbyterian Church	P72-108W3		
Delicious Minor Deviation	P81-084w1m1		
Linea De Cielo	GPA 06-003, R06-006, BC 05-0104		
Osuna Ranch, MUP, Equestrian Facility	P07-012		
Henry Residence Guest House	AD 06-037		
Arendsee TPM	TPM 20326		
Cleary, MUP, Deviation, Garage	P79-015m7		
Conversion			
Madura TPM	TPM 20406		
The Inn at Rancho Santa Fe	S00-061		

Hahn TPM	TPM 20536

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse cumulative effects were considered in the response to each question in sections I through XVI of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for incremental effects that are cumulatively considerable. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant cumulative effects related to traffic. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these cumulative effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes the payment of the transportation impact fee prior to issuance of building permits. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are cumulative effects associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

c)	Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				
<u></u>	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

# Discussion/Explanation:

In the evaluation of environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse direct or indirect impacts to human beings were considered in the response to certain questions in sections I. Aesthetics, III. Air Quality, VI. Geology and Soils, VII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials, VIII Hydrology and Water Quality XI. Noise, XII. Population and Housing, and XV. Transportation and Traffic. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant effects to human beings related to the following noise and traffic. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes the construction of a slope/berm to limit the exterior dBA below 60db, along with the dedication of a noise easement over the property to ensure any future development is in conformance with the interior dBA of 45db and the payment of the trafic impact fee to mitigate cululative traffic effects. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are adverse effects to human beings associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

# XVIII. REFERENCES USED IN THE COMPLETION OF THE INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

All references to Federal, State and local regulation are available on the Internet. For Federal regulation refer to <a href="http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/">http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/</a>. For State regulation refer to <a href="http://www.amlegal.com">www.leginfo.ca.gov</a>. For County regulation refer to <a href="http://www.amlegal.com">www.amlegal.com</a>. All other references are available upon request.

Biology Letter Report Prepared by Vince Scheidt Dated February 1, 2008

Traffic Impact Study Prepared by Katz, Okitsu & Associates Dated July 2007

Environmental Noise Assessment Prepaed by DUDEK Dated July 17, 2007

Stormwater Management Plan For Los Arbolados Prepared by San Dieguito Engineering, Inc. Dated January 17, 2008

CEQA Drainage Study for TM 5406 Hydrology, Hydrolic Calculations San Diego County Tentative Map Prepared by San Dieguito Engineering, Inc. Dated January 17, 2008

#### **AESTHETICS**

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- County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use. The Zoning Ordinance of San Diego County. Sections 5200-5299; 5700-5799; 5900-5910, 6322-6326. ((www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
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#### **AIR QUALITY**

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